

General Music Creating through Responding Unit Playlist Project, Grade 8

A Curriculum Project of
the National Association for Music Education (NAfME)
and the Library of Congress of the United States
Teaching with Primary Sources





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PROJECT DIRECTOR

Johanna J. Siebert

GENERAL MUSIC WRITING TEAM

- Wendy Barden, Minnetonka, MN, Team Chair
- Steve Kennedy, New Orleans, LA
- Richard Maxwell, Phoenix AZ
- Susan Osborn, Bear, DE
- David Potter, Lansing MI
- Matt Warren, Webster, NY

COMPOSITION AND THEORY

- Carolyn Bennett, Stonington, CT, Teacher-in-Residence at the Library of Congress, Team Chair
- · Terry Bacon, North Chili, NY
- Lisa Cookson, Wichita, KS

STEERING COMMITTEE AND SITE COORDINATORS

- Shawn Chastain, Wichita, KS
- Thomas E. Dean, Newark, DE
- Christine Fisher, Florence, SC
- Brian Schneckenburger, Baltimore, MD

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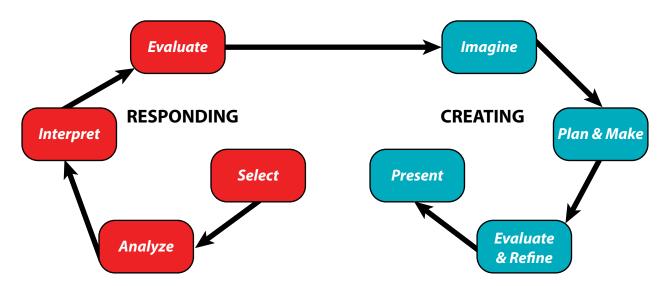
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OVERVIEW OF NAfME/LIBRARY OF CONGRESS RESPONDING UNITS

This unit is based on the 2014 Music Standards (nafme.org/standards). These Standards are all about music literacy, since they emphasize conceptual understanding in areas that reflect the actual processes in which musicians engage; they cultivate a students' ability to carry out the three Artistic Processes of *Creating*, Performing, and *Responding* while aligning with the ideal of *Connecting* to their world and the world around them. These are the processes that musicians have followed for generations, even as they connect through music to themselves and their societies.

This Library of Congress (LOC) Teaching with Primary Sources (TPS) Unit is aligned with the Artistic Process of (1) **Responding**, defined as understanding and evaluating how music conveys meaning, and (2) **Creating**, the application of musical concepts to develop original musical ideas. Through application of inquiry-based instructional strategies linked to Essential Questions embedded in the **Responding** (*Select, Analyze, Interpret, Evaluate*) and **Creating** (*Imagine, Plan and Make, Evaluate and Refine, Present*) Process components, students come to understand how creators manipulate the elements of music to convey expressive intent related to specific contexts (social, cultural, historical). Acquisition of music knowledge and skills leads to students' becoming independent thinkers and creators.



The **Responding** and **Creating** Process components are often linear in instruction and student learning, as shown in the diagram above, *but need not be;* rather, components can be presented in an order appropriate to the integration of specific content and knowledge as determined by each grade level and curricular focus.

PLAYLIST—PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Students work individually, or form a small group of 3–4 and work in this group for the entire unit. Their task is to create a playlist that is inspired by a historic photo. The playlist will include four tracks. **Responding:** The small group will choose three of the tracks from a bank of historic songs that were popular around the time the photos were taken. **Creating:** For the fourth track, the small group will create an original rhythmic composition that also reflects the mood, emotion, or feeling of the historic photo.

Lessons 1–4 work through the **Responding** Process components of *Select, Analyze, Interpret, Evaluate.* Lessons 5–7 work through the **Creating** Process components of *Imagine, Plan and Make, Evaluate and Revise, Present. In each lesson, students will engage in collaborative work around perspectives and possibilities, and then individually complete their own responses.*

Lesson	Estimated Duration	Artistic Process	Description	
1	45 min	Responding: Select	Choose and describe a photo to inspire a playlist.	
2	2 x 45 min	Responding: Interpret, Evaluate	Select three historic songs for the playlist.	
3	45 min	Responding: Analyze	Compare and contrast the historic songs for the playlist.	
4	45 min	Responding: Evaluate	Title the playlist, and order the tracks.	
5	45 min	Creating: Imagine	Create and experiment with ideas for the rhythmic composition (Track 4 of the playlist).	
6	45 min	Creating Plan and Make	Make and notate the first draft of the rhythmic composition.	
7	45 min	Creating: Evaluate and Refine, Present	Revise and present the rhythmic composition.	

If time is limited, you might compact Lesson 3 by leading students in a full-class discussion to compare and contrast the historic songs at the end of Lesson 2.

PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS FOR THIS UNIT

Students will need prerequisite knowledge and skills to be able to complete the playlist:

- The ability to work collaboratively in a small group, including contributing ideas, considering the ideas of others, and staying focused to complete the task.
- Understanding and application of music concepts with associated music vocabulary, including tempo, dynamics, timbre, articulation, meter, rhythm, genre.
- Understanding of musical forms ABA, AB, and call-and-response.
- Basic research skills to access and select relevant information from online sources.
- The ability to use a device (such as a computer, laptop, or tablet) to research information, to access music through a browser, and to record a group performance for self-reflection and feedback.

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS

Using Library of Congress primary source material, students will:

- Listen to, analyze, and describe examples of music popular in earlier times.
- Consider a historic photo and composer's intent when evaluating music.
- Compose a rhythmic composition in response to an historic photo.

EMBEDDED INQUIRY MODELS

In this unit, students have opportunities for inquiry—questioning, studying, and exploring:

- In Lesson 1, students study and discuss each historic photo: What do you **See** in each scene? What do the scenes make you **Think** about or **Wonder**? Research to learn about the people, structure, or scene in the selected photo.
- In Lesson 5, students experiment with various possibilities in word phrases, rhythm patterns and sounds that will form their compositions and communicate an intended mood, emotion, or feeling.
- In Lesson 6, students deepen their understanding of musical elements through application in their own rhythmic compositions.

Students are responsible for making their thinking visible throughout the unit:

- In Lessons 1–7, collaborative discussions take place in small groups, and then students write their own ideas and responses.
- In Lesson 3, students compare and contrast the use of musical elements in the historic songs.
- In Lessons 4 and 7, students state their plan and justify their choices.
- In Lessons 5 and 7, students evaluate and explain their musical ideas.
- In Lesson 7, students write program notes to share the intent of their composition.

PROCESS COMPONENTS

Enduring Understandings/Essential Questions/Performance Standards/Student "I Can" Statements

The Responding Process addressed in this unit is detailed in the four charts below.

Select: Choose music appropriate for a specific purpose or context.			
Enduring	Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences		
Understanding	understandings, and purposes.		
Essential	How do people choose music to experience?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Re7.1.8a—Select programs of music (such as a CD mix or live performances) and		
Standard	demonstrate the connections to an interest or experience for a specific purpose.		
Student "I Can"	I can connect elements of music to the mood, feeling, or emotion of a photo.		
Statement			

Analyze: Analyze	how the structure and context of varied musical works inform the repsonse.
Enduring	Response to music is informed by analyzing context (social, cultural, and historical) and
Understanding	how creators and performers manipulate the elements of music.
Essential	How does understanding the music help us make decisions about it?
Question	
Performance	MU:Re7.2.8a—Compare how the elements of music and expressive qualities relate to
Standard	the structure within programs of music.
	MU:Re7.2.8b—Identify and compare the context of programs of music from a variety of
	genres, cultures, and historical periods.
Student "I Can"	• I can compare how elements and expressive qualities of a collection of music relate.
Statement	• I can identify, compare and contrast genres, cultures, and historical periods within a
	collection of music.

Interpret: Support interpretations of musical works that reflect creators'/performers' expressive intent.			
Enduring	Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide		
Understanding	clues to their expressive intent.		
Essential	How can we tell what the composers and performers mean to say through their music?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Re8.1.8a—Support personal interpretation of contrasting programs of music and		
Standard	explain how creators' or performers' apply the elements of music and expressive		
	qualities, within genres, cultures, and historical periods to convey expressive intent.		
Student "I Can"	I can use my understanding how musical and expressive components in collections		
Statement	of music are used by the composer or performer to support my interpretation of the		
	intent.		

<i>Evaluate:</i> Support evaluations of musical works and performances based on analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.			
Enduring	The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis,		
Understanding	interpretation, and established criteria.		
Essential	How do we judge the quality of a musical work or performance?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Re9.1.8a—Apply appropriate personally-developed criteria to evaluate musical		
Standard	works or performances.		
Student "I Can"	I can use criteria that I created to evaluate musical works or performances.		
Statement			

The Creating Process addressed in this unit is detailed in the four charts below.

Imagine: Generate musical ideas for various purposes and contexts.			
Enduring	The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a		
Understanding	variety of sources.		
Essential	How do musicians generate creative ideas?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Cr1.1.8a—Generate rhythmic, melodic and harmonic phrases and harmonic		
Standard	accompaniments within expanded forms (including introductions, transitions, and codas)		
	that convey expressive intent.		
Student "I Can"	I can generate a complete work with beginning, middle, and end that conveys unique		
Statement	musical ideas.		

Plan and Make: Select and develop musical ideas for defined purposes and contexts.			
Enduring	Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context, and expressive		
Understanding	intent.		
Essential	How do musicians make creative decisions?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Cr2.1.8a—Select, organize, and document personal musical ideas for arrangements,		
Standard	songs, and compositions within expanded forms that demonstrate tension and release,		
	unity and variety, balance, and convey expressive intent.		
	MU:Cr2.1.8b—Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or audio/video recording to		
	document personal rhythmic phrases, melodic phrases, and harmonic sequences.		
Student "I Can"	I can create or arrange a complete composition using complex forms that express		
Statement	thoughts and feelings.		
	• I can notate or record my musical ideas using rhythm, melody and harmonic sequences.		

Evaluate and Refine: Evaluate and refine selected musical ideas to create musical work(s) that meet appropriate criteria.			
Enduring	Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence,		
Understanding	and application of appropriate criteria.		
Essential	How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Cr3.1.8a—Evaluate their own work by selecting and applying criteria including		
Standard	appropriate application of compositional techniques, style, form, and use of sound		
	sources.		
	MU:Cr3.1.8b—Describe the rationale for refining works by explaining the choices, based		
	on evaluation criteria.		
Student "I Can"	• I can improve my musical compositions by selecting and applying appropriate criteria.		
Statement	I can explain my choices for refinements made to my personal musical work.		

<i>Present:</i> Share creative musical work that conveys intent, demonstrates craftsmanship, and exhibits originality.			
Enduring	Musicians' presentation of creative work is the culmination of a process of creation and		
Understanding	communication.		
Essential	Whenis creative work ready to share?		
Question			
Performance	MU:Cr3.2.8a—Present the final version of their documented personal composition,		
Standard	song, or arrangement, using craftsmanship and originality to demonstrate the		
	application of compositional techniques for creating unity and variety, tension and		
	release, and balance to convey expressive intent.		
Student "I Can"	I can present my written original musical work with proficiency.		
Statement			

FORMATIVE AND SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS

- In Lessons 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, a formative assessment rubric is provided for student personal reflection and/or teacher feedback.
- In Lessons 4 and 7, a summative assessment rubric is provided for student personal reflection and/or teacher evaluation.

MATERIALS AND LIBRARY OF CONGRESS RESOURCE LINKS

Materials needed for this unit:

- Handouts 1–8. Provide each student a printed copy or digital access to Handouts 1–8. Some students may need a second copy of Handout 6 to make revisions to their composition.
- Device. Each student needs a device (such as a computer, laptop, or tablet) with capabilities to access online sources and to play music from a browser (Lessons 1 and 2). Each small group needs a device to record and play back their own performance (Lessons 5–7).
- Wi-fi access (Lessons 1 and 2).
- Found sounds and/or pitched instruments. Each small group needs access to found sounds and/or pitched instruments for their composition (Lessons 5–7).
- Clock. Each small group needs access to a clock or device that shows time passing in seconds (Lessons 6 and 7).

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS PHOTOS

- Ferris Wheel at the Chicago World's Fair ca. 1893. Photograph. https://www.loc.gov/item/2006683489/
- Stacy, Charles E., Copyright Claimant. Brooklyn Base Ball Club. United States, 1911. Photograph. https://www.loc.gov/item/2007663780/
- Statue of Liberty and New York Harbor ca. 1914. Photograph. https://www.loc.gov/item/2002716180/

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS RESOURCES (LINKS TO MUSIC IN THE NATIONAL JUKEBOX SECTION)

To listen to a song, (a) click the link, (b) click "Playlist" when the page opens, and (c) click the title of the song when it appears in the box on the right. Note: All these links require the use of Flash Player.

- "The Star-Spangled Banner"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1757
- "Keep off the Grass"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/300
- "Kerry Mills' Barn Dance"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1499
- "Do They Think of Me at Home?"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1719
- "That Baseball Rag"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/3332
- "Flame of Love"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/119
- "Hesitation Blues"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/5151
- New World Symphony, "Largo"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/2988

Note: This unit contains old recordings that have been digitized from the Library of Congress collections. It may be necessary to discuss early recording technology with students before beginning the unit so they understand that the crackle and hissing sounds are not part of the original performances but are a result of the technology of the period.

LESSON 1

Responding: Select

Choose and describe a photo to inspire the playlist (45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENT/OBJECTIVE

I can connect elements of music to the mood, feeling, or emotion of a photo.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handouts 1 and 8.
- Each student needs a device (such as a computer, laptop, or tablet) for online research.
- Wi-fi access.

LESSON 1 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Introduce the Playlist Project and assist students in forming small groups of 3–4. They will work in these groups for the entire unit.
- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handouts 1 and 8.
- Review the musical elements in Part E with associated music vocabulary.
- Monitor the work of the small groups and redirect, as needed.

Small-group discussion:

- Discuss the photos, considering what you **See** in each scene and what the scenes make you **Think** about or **Wonder**. Select the photo that will inspire your playlist.
- In Part C, research information about your selected photo.

Small-group discussion, then each student completes their own Handout 1:

- In Part D, reconsider the photos: What would it have been like to be present when the photo was taken? What were you doing when the photo was taken? What was the mood or emotion there? What were you feeling?
- In Part E, complete the chart to describe how to communicate the same emotion, mood, or feeling through music. What would the music sound like?

Formative assessment:

 Use Handout 1 Formative Assessment Rubric (below) and Handout 8 for student personal reflection and/ or teacher formative feedback.

Handout 1: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding
Describe the photo (Part D)	Incomplete description or response does not answer the question	Brief description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable and detailed description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling
Interpret elements of music related to the photo (Part E)	Incomplete interpretation of musical elements	Brief interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable and detailed interpretation of musical elements
Use music vocabulary (Part E)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

LESSON 1, HANDOUT 1: PLAYLIST

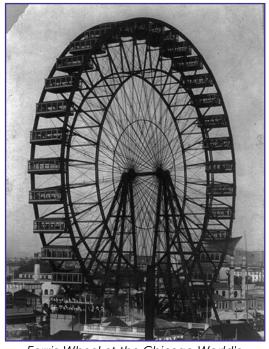
PLAYLIST PROJECT - UNIT DESCRIPTION

Work individually or form a small group of 3–4 students, and work in this group for the entire unit. Your task is to create a playlist that is inspired by one of these historic photos. The playlist will include four tracks. Three tracks will be chosen from a bank of historic songs that were popular around the time the photos were taken. The fourth track will be your own rhythmic composition.

- A. Discuss each photo. What do you **See** in each scene? What do the scenes make you **Think** about or **Wonder**?
- B. Select and circle your photo. Which scene is most interesting to your group? This photo will be the inspiration for your playlist and will also serve as your cover.



Brooklyn Base Ball Club (1911)



Ferris Wheel at the Chicago World's Fair (1893)



Statue of Liberty (1914)

C. Research three facts to learn about the people, structure, or scene in your selected photo.

LESSON 1, HANDOUT 1: PLAYLIST

Name	
Discuss Parts D and	d E in your small group, then write your own responses.
= -	re standing next to the person who took the photo. Write a paragraph to describe what there. What were you doing when the photo was taken? What was the mood or emotion e you feeling?
=	communicate the same emotion, mood, or feeling of the photo through music? What sound like? Complete the chart with your ideas. Use music vocabulary as much as
Musical Element	Description
Tempo	
Dynamics	
Timbre (Instruments or voices)	
Articulation	
Meter & Rhythm	

Name ______ Date _____

Lesson 1—Responding: Select

Handout 1: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Describe the photo (Part D)	Incomplete description or response does not answer the question	Brief description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable and detailed description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling
Integrate elements of music relared to the photo (Part E)	Incomplete interpretation of musical elements	Brief interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable and detailed interpretation of musical elements
Use music vocabulary (Part E)	No use of musical vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

Comments:

Name	Date

Lesson 2—Responding: Interpret, Evaluate

Handout 2: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Describe mood (Part A)	Incomplete description or responses do not describe the mood	Reasonable description of the mood for some pieces	Reasonable description of the mood of all 8 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of the mood of all 8 pieces
Analyze and describe elements of music (Part C)	Incomplete or unreasonable description of musical elements	Brief description of musical elements or description addresses fewer than 3 pieces	Reasonable description of musical elements of 3 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of musical elements of 3 pieces
Infer the composer's intent (Part C)	Incomplete or does not describe composer's intent	Reasonable inference of composer's intent for some pieces	Reasonable inference of composer's intent	Reasonable and detailed inference of composer's intent
Use music vocabulary (Part C)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

Name	Date	
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Lesson 3—Responding: Analyze

Handout 3: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Compare the pieces (Part A)	Incomplete or inaccurate description of similarities between pieces	Accurate description of similarities between some pieces	Accurate description of similarities includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of similarities includes all 3 pieces
Contrast the pieces (Part B)	Incomplete or inaccurate description between pieces	Accurate description of differences between	Accurate description of differences includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of differences includes all 3 pieces
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

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Lesson 4—Responding: Evaluate

Handout 4: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Title album (Part A)	Incomplete or connection is not evident between photo and music	Title and/ or explanation show connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable and surprising connection between photo and music
Justify order of songs (Part B)	Incomplete or reasonable justification is not evident	Reasonable justification for some EP tracks	Reasonable justification for the order of all EP tracks	Reasonable and detailed justification for the order of all EP tracks
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

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Lesson 5—Creating: Imagine

Handout 5: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
	Incomplete or connection of word phrases and title to intent is not evident	Some word phrases and/or title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent and in a surprising way
Sounds (Part C)	Incomplete or connection of sounds to intent is not evident	Some chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent in a surprising ways

Comments:

Name	Date

Lesson 6—Creating: Plan and Make

Handout 6: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Musical choices	Incomplete or connection of choices and explanation to intent is not evident	some musical choices and/or brief explanation connect to intent	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent in a surprising way
Musical form is ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response	An established form is not evident	Some parts of the music show an established form	Music is organized in an established form	Music is clearly organized is an established form
Symbols and markings	Incomplete or symbols and markings are unreadable	Symbols and markings document sounds for parts of the piece	Symbols and markings document intended sounds	Detailed symbols and markings document intended sounds

Name	Date	
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Lesson 7—Creating: Evaluate and Refine, Present

Handout 7: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Revised composition (Part A)	Incomplete or changes do not relate to intent	Reasonable changes are sometimes related to intent	Reasonable changes relate to the intent	Reasonable changes relatte in detail to the intent
Justify order of songs (Part D)	Incomplete or no justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Limited justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable and detailed justification for EP order of rhythmic composition
Program notes (Part C)	Incomplete program notes give little or no information about the rhythmic composition	Program notes give some information about the rhythmic composition	Program notes give information about the rhythmic composition	Program notes give detailed information about the rhythmic composition
Performance with intent (Part E)	 Performance may communicate expressive intent of the photo Performance stops without finishing 	 Performance sometimes communicates the expressive intent of the photo Some errors detract from the performance 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo Any errors do not detract from the performance 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo No errors

LESSON 2

Responding: Interpret, Evaluate

Select three historic songs for the playlist (2 days x 45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENTS/OBJECTIVES

- I can use my understanding how musical and expressive components in collections of music are used by the composer or performer to support my interpretation of the intent.
- I can use criteria that I created to evaluate musical works or performances.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs to have Handouts 1 and 8 available.
- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handout 2.
- Each student needs a device (such as a computer, laptop, or tablet) to play music from a browser.
- · Wi-fi access.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS (LINKS TO MUSIC IN NATIONAL JUKEBOX SECTION)

To listen to a song, (a) click the link, (b) click "Playlist" when the page opens, and (c) click the title of the song when it appears in the box on the right. Note: All these links require the use of Flash Player.

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- "Keep off the Grass"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/300
- "Kerry Mills' Barn Dance"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1499
- "Do They Think of Me at Home?"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1719
- "That Baseball Rag" http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/3332
- "Flame of Love"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/119
- "Hesitation Blues"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/5151
- New World Symphony, "Largo"—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/2988

LESSON 2 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handout 2.
- Review the musical elements in Part C, with associated music vocabulary, as needed.
- Monitor the work of the small groups and redirect, as needed.

Small group discussion, then each student completes their own Handout 2:

- In Part A, listen to each of the 8 popular songs and discuss the mood, emotion, or feeling communicated by the music. Record observations in the chart.
- In Part B, together choose 3 of the songs that best connect to the historic photo you selected. Circle the title of these songs to mark the choices.
- In Part C, listen again (and again) to the 3 chosen songs. Describe the musical elements in detail and what the composer may have intended to communicate through their music.

Formative assessment:

 Use Handout 2 Formative Assessment Rubric (below and Handout 8) for student personal reflection and/ or teacher formative feedback.

Handout 2: Formative Assessment Rubric

Trandout 2. Formative Assessment Rubite						
	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding		
Describe mood (Part A)	Incomplete description or responses do not describe the mood	Reasonable description of the mood for some pieces	Reasonable description of the mood of all 8 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of the mood of all 8 pieces		
Analyze and describe elements of music (Part C)	Incomplete or unreasonable description of musical elements	Brief description of musical elements or description addresses fewer than 3 pieces	Reasonable description of musical elements of 3 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of musical elements of 3 pieces		
Infer the composer's intent (Part C)	Incomplete or does not describe composer's intent	Reasonable inference of composer's intent for some pieces	Reasonable inference of composer's intent	Reasonable and detailed inference of composer's intent		
Use music vocabulary (Part C)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements		

LESSON 2, HANDOUT 2: PLAYLIST

Name_

A. Listen to these popular songs and describe only the **Mood** of each one. (Listen to four more songs on page 2 of Handout 2.)

To listen to a song, (a) click the link, (b) click "Playlist" when the page opens, and (c) click the title of the song in the box on the right.

- "The Star-Spangled Banner"—vocal solo with orchestra—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1757
- "Keep off the grass" banjo solo with piano; dance—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/300
- "Kerry Mills' Barn Dance"—Victor Dance Orchestra; dance—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1499
- "Do They Think of Me at Home?"—vocal trio; waltz—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1719
- Review the mood of all 8 songs, and choose 3 that best connect to your photo. Circle the title of these songs to mark your choices.
- C. Listen again (and then one more time) to the 3 songs you've chosen. Describe the musical elements in detail and what you think the composer intended to communicate through the music.

Title	"The Star-Spangled Banner"	"Keep off the Grass"	"Kerry Mills' Barn Dance"	"Do They Think of Me at Home?"
Mood				
Composer's Intent				
Тетро				
Dynamics				
Timbre				
Articulation				
Meter & Rhythm				

LESSON 2, HANDOUT 2: PLAYLIST

Name_

A. Listen to these popular songs and describe only the **Mood** of each one. (Listen to four more songs on page 1 of Handout 2.)

To listen to a song, (a) click the link, (b) click "Playlist" when the page opens, and (c) click the title of the song in the box on the right.

- "That Baseball Rag"—vocal solo with orchestra; novelty—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/3332
- "Flame of Love"—instrumental; waltz—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/119
- "Hesitation Blues"—instrumental; novelty—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/5151
- New World Symphony, "Largo"—orchestra; classical theme—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/2988
- B. Review the mood of all 8 songs, and choose 3 that best connect to your photo. Circle the title of these songs to mark your choices.
- C. Listen again (and then one more time) to the 3 songs you've chosen. Describe the musical elements in detail and what you think the composer intended to communicate through the music.

New World Symphony, "Largo"							
"Hesitation Blue"							
"Flame of Love"							
"That Baseball Rag"							
Title	роом	Composer's Intent	Tempo	Dynamics	Timbre	Articulation	Meter & Rhythm

LESSON 3

Responding: Analyze

Compare and contrast the historic songs selected for the playlist (45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENTS/OBJECTIVES

- I can compare how elements and expressive qualities of a collection of music relate.
- I can identify, compare and contrast genres, cultures, and historical periods within a collection of music.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs to have Handouts 1, 2 and 8 available.
- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handout 3.

LESSON 3 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handout 3.
- Introduce and discuss the term genre. The music in this unit could be categorized in various genres such as instrumental music, vocal music, novelty pieces, waltz, or classical themes.
- Review other musical elements with associated music vocabulary, as needed.
- Monitor the work of the small groups and redirect, as needed.

Small group discussion, then each student completes their own Handout 3:

- Write the titles of the 3 songs chosen by the group.
- In Part A, describe three similarities between the songs of your playlist, including genre.
- In Part B, describe three differences between the songs of your playlist, including genre.

Formative assessment:

 Use Handout 3 Formative Assessment Rubric (below and Handout 8) for student personal reflection and/ or teacher formative feedback.

	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding
Compare the pieces (Part A)	• Incomplete or inaccurate description of similarities between pieces	Accurate description of similarities between some pieces	Accurate description of similarities include all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of differences includes all 3
Contrast the pieces (Part B)	Incomplete or inaccurate description of differences between pieces	Accurate description of differences between some pieces	Accurate description of differences includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of differences includes all 3 pieces
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

LESSON 3, HANDOUT 3: PLAYLIST

Name
Titles of the songs chosen your playlist:
Use your notes to compare and contrast some of these musical elements in your songs:
Mood • Tempo • Dynamics • Timbre • Articulation • Meter • Rhythm • Genre
A. Describe three similarities between the historic music you've chosen for your playlist:
1
2
·
3
B. Describe three differences between the historic music you've chosen for your playlist:
1
±·
2
2

3
·

LESSON 4

Responding: Evaluate

Title the playlist, and order the track (45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENTS/OBJECTIVES

• I can use my understanding how musical and expressive components in collections of music are used by the composer or performer to support my interpretation of the intent.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs to have Handouts 1, 2, 3 and 8 available.
- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handout 4.

LESSON 4 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handout 4.
- Review musical elements with associated music vocabulary, as needed.
- Monitor the work of the small groups and redirect, as needed.

Small group discussion, then each student completes their own Handout 4:

- In Part A, create a title for the playlist, and explain why it fits the music chosen.
- In Part B, plan the order of the music and justify choices using mood, composer's intent, and/or musical elements with music vocabulary.

Teacher:

- After students have completed Handout 4, have them find someone from a different group and share about their playlist title and music. Switch to share with a second person.
- Debrief as a full class. What similarities and differences did students find in learning about playlists created by other groups?

Summative assessment:

• Use Handout 4 Summative Assessment Rubric (below and Handout 8) for student personal reflection and teacher evaluation.

Handout 4: Formative Assessment Rubric

	T		I	
	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding
Title album (Part A)	Incomplete or connection is not evident between photo and music	Title and/ or explanation show connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable and surprising connection between photo and music
Justify order of songs (Part B)	Incomplete or reasonable justification is not evident	Reasonable justification for some EP tracks	Reasonable justification for the order of all EP tracks	Reasonable and detailed justification for the order of all E tracks
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

LESSON 4, HANDOUT 4: PLAYLIST

Name			
Namo			

Circle the photo cover of your playlist.







Α.	Create a ti	tie for y	our playlisi	tnat tells	listeners	something	about w	nat they	will near:	

Explain how your title connects the photo and music chosen.

B. Plan the order of your playlist, and justify your choices using mood, composer's intent, and/or musical elements.

1. A song that will grab the audience's attention	Song title Justify your choice
2. A song that challenges the audience to listen & contrasts with the first piece	Song title Justify your choice
3. A song that brings closure— "the end"	Song title Justify your choice

LESSON 5

Creating: Imagine

Create and experiment with ideas for the rhythmic composition (45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENTS/OBJECTIVES

I can generate a complete work with beginning, middle, and end that conveys unique musical ideas.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs to have Handouts 4 and 8 available.
- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handout 5.
- Each small group needs access to found sounds and/or pitched instruments.
- Each small group needs a device (such as computer, laptop, or tablet) to record ideas for sounds.

LESSON 5 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handout 5.
- Monitor the work of the small groups and redirect, as needed.

Small group work:

• In Part A, write word phrases to describe the experience of the photographer and/or people in the photo.

Individual work:

In Part A, experiment with the word phrases and rhythm of the words.

Small group work:

- In Part A, decide the word phrase/rhythm pattern each student will use for the composition.
- In Part B, write a title for your piece.
- In Part C, select sound(s) for each person to use on their word phrase/rhythm pattern. Record different combinations of sounds, and explain how they are effective in communicating the mood, emotion, or feeling.

Formative assessment:

• Use Handout 5 Formative Assessment Rubric (below and Handout 8) for student personal reflection and/or teacher feedback.

Handout 5: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding
Word phrases and title (Parts A & B)	Incomplete or connection of word phrases and title to intent is not evident	Some word phrases and/or title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connects to intent and in a surprising way
Sounds (Part C)	Incomplete or connection of sounds to intent is not evident	Some chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent in a surprising way

LESSON 5, HANDOUT 5: PLAYLIST

Name

Now, the work of your small group is to create a composition, the 4th track for your playlist, that communicates the mood, emotion, or feeling in the historic photo you've chosen.

Review: Circle the photo cover of your playlist.







Review: Describe the mood, emotion, or feeling in your photo cover that was the basis for selecting the first three songs for your playlist.

A. Develop rhythm patterns. Write four short word phrases to describe the experience of people in your photo cover or that may have been said by the person taking the photo. Phrases should connect to the

mood, emotion, or feeling.

2

3. _____

4._____

Experiment saying each phrase over and over.

 $\hfill\Box$ Try emphasizing different words in the phrase or adding rest(s) between some words.

 $\hfill \square$ Try repeating the most important word(s) as you say the phrase.

☐ Say the phrase and clap the rhythm of the words. Do it again, but just "think" the words so only the clapping is heard.

 $\hfill \square$ Record and listen to your ideas. Make changes as needed.

Decide the word phrase you like best, and write your initials in the short blank to the left of the phrase.

LESSON 5, HANDOUT 5: PLAYLIST

Title your composition. Write a title for your piece. Consider your choice of word phrases and the mood, emotion, feeling of the historic photo. The title is one way to share your intention with listeners.
Choose the timbre. Experiment with sounds for your own rhythm phrase. Remember your title and the mood, emotion, or feeling in the photo cover that you are communicating.
Think the words and perform the rhythm using different body percussion sounds (such as snapping your fingers, clapping, or stomping your foot).
Experiment with other sounds you can make using objects found in the classroom, your backpack, or your pockets (such as tapping two pens together).
Do you have access to a pitched instrument such as a recorder, piano keyboard, or bells? If so, add try out different pitches with your rhythm.
Record and listen to your ideas in your group. What sounds seem most effective in communicating the mood, emotion, or feeling of photo and your title? Explain your ideas.

LESSON 6

Creating: Plan and Make

Make and notate the first draft of the rhythmic composition (45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENTS/OBJECTIVES

- I can create or arrange a complete composition using complex forms that express thoughts and feelings.
- I can notate or record my musical ideas using rhythm, melody and harmonic sequences.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs to have Handout 5 available.
- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handout 6.
- Each small group needs access to the sounds they've chosen for their composition.
- Each small group needs a device (such as computer, laptop, or tablet) to record their composition.
- Each small group needs access to a clock or device that shows time passing in seconds.

LESSON 6 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handout 6.
- Discuss the beginning, middle and end of a composition—how can a listener tell the difference between these parts. Related, review musical forms ABA, ABACA, and call-and-response.
- Monitor the work of the small groups and redirect, as needed.

Small-group discussion, then each student completes their own Handout 6:

• Experiment with ways to organize the rhythms/parts into a 30-second composition. Create a clear beginning, middle, and end using ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response musical forms.

Small-group work:

Record your composition.

Formative assessment:

• Use Handout 6: Formative Assessment Rubric (below) and Handout 8 for student personal reflection and/or teacher feedback.

Handout 6: Formative Assessment Rubric

Traina dat of Formative Addeds ment Radine				
	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding
Musical choices	Incomplete, or connection of choices and explanation to intent is not evident.	Some musical choices and/or brief explanation connect to intent.	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent.	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent in a surprising way.
Musical form is ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response	An established form is not evident.	Some parts of the music show an established form.	Music is organized in an established form.	Music is clearly organized in an established form.
Symbols and markings	Incomplete, or symbols and markings are unreadable.	Symbols and markings document sounds for parts of the piece.	Symbols and markings document intended sounds.	Detailed symbols and markings document intended sounds.

LESSON 6, HANDOUT 6: PLAYLIST

Na	ıme
Tit	le
Fo	rm and First Draft
	Experiment with ways to organize all of your rhythms/parts into a composition that is 30 seconds long. Create a clear beginning, middle, and end using one of these forms: ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response.
	What form will you use for your composition?
	Describe the sound of the recurring part (such as the A part in ABA form).
	Plan to have all parts sound simultaneously, in various combinations, and/or separately.
	Perform your rhythms using your favorite found sounds, pitches, and/or body percussion.
	Incorporate your spoken word phrases at times (optional).
	Write out your composition using the grid on Handout 6 (pages 2 and 3). Be precise with your system of symbols and markings so someone else would be able to perform your composition.
	What tempo(s) will help effectively communicate your intention? Explain your choices.
	What dynamics will effectively communicate your intention? Explain your choices.
	Make an audio recording of your composition.

LESSON 6, HANDOUT 6: PLAYLIST

Name			
Title			
0:00	0:05	0:10	0:15
Part A			
Part B			
		I	
Part C			
Part D			

LESSON 6, HANDOUT 6: PLAYLIST

Name			
Title 0:15	0:20	0:25	0:30
Part A			
Part B			
Part C			
Part D			

LESSON 7

Creating: Evaluate and Refine, Present

Revise and present they rhythmic composition (45 minutes)

STUDENT "I CAN" STATEMENTS/OBJECTIVES

- I can improve my musical compositions by selecting and applying appropriate criteria.
- I can explain my choices for refinements made to my personal musical work.
- I can present my written original work with proficiency.

MATERIALS

- Each student needs to have Handouts 4 and 6 available.
- Each student needs a printed copy or digital access to Handout 7.
- Each small group needs access to found sounds and/or pitched instruments.
- Each small group needs a device (such as computer, laptop, or tablet) to be able to playback a recording of their composition.
- Each small group needs access to a clock or device that shows time passing in seconds.

LESSON 7 PROCEDURE

Teacher:

- Distribute printed copies or digital access to Handout 7.
- Monitor the work of the small groups, and redirect as needed.

Small group work:

- In Part A, listen to the recording of your composition and determine what changes need to be made to help better communicate the mood, emotion, or feeling of the photo.
- In Part B, rehearse your composition to be able to perform it confidently.

Small group discussion, then each student completes their own Handout 7:

- In Part C, write program notes to introduce your composition to listeners.
- In Part D, determine the final order of tracks on your playlist including the historic songs (see Handout 4) and your composition.

Small group presentation:

• Present your composition to the class. Share responsibility in introducing the performance: (a) the title of your playlist, (b) the titles of the songs on your playlist, and (c) the title of your composition with program notes.

Summative assessment:

• Use Handout 7: Summative Assessment Rubric (below) and Handout 8 for student personal reflection and teacher evaluation.

Handout 7: Formative Assessment Rubric

Handout 7: Formative Assessment Rubric					
	Emerging	Approaching	Meeting	Exceeding	
Revised composition (Part A)	Incomplete, or changes do not relate to intent.	Reasonable changes are sometimes related to intent.	Reasonable changes relate to the intent.	Reasonable changes relate in detail to the intent.	
Justify order of songs (Part D)	Incomplete, or no justification for EP order of rhythmic composition.	Limited justification for EP order of rhythmic composition.	Resaonable justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable and detailed justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	
Program notes (Part C)	Incomplete program notes give little or no information about the rhythmic composition.	Program notes give some information about the rhythmic composition.	Program notes give information about the rhythmic composition.	Program notes give detailed information about rhythmic composition.	
Performance with intent (Part E)	 Performance may communicate expressive intent of the photo. Performance stops without finishing. 	 Performance sometimes communicates the expressive intent of the photo. Some errors detract from the performance. 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo. Any errors do not detract from the performance. 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo. No errors 	

LESSON 7, HANDOUT 7: PLAYLIST

discuss what you notice. Comp		How each change helps to better
Possible changes to your	composition	communicate the photo
1. 		
2.		2.
3.		3.
B. Revise Your First Draft. Make no teacher for another Handout 6	=	your first draft (Handout 6 pages 2 and 3) or ask your
Rehearse your composition to	be able to perfori	m it confidently.
-	•	
Program Notes. Write at least tl	hree sentences to	
The mood	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these starters
Program Notes. Write at least the or your own ideas: The mood	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these starters
Program Notes. Write at least the or your own ideas: The mood I want you to notice	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these starters
The mood I want you to notice	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these starters
or your own ideas: The mood I want you to notice	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these starters
C. Program Notes. Write at least the or your own ideas: The mood I want you to notice	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these started
C. Program Notes. Write at least the or your own ideas: The mood I want you to notice	hree sentences to • The rhyth	introduce your rhythm composition using these started

	playlist, and decide where your composition would fit in best. Write the final order of song titles:
	1
	2
	3
	4
	stify where you have placed your rhythmic composition using mood, composer's intent, and/or musical ments.
E. I	Present Your Composition to the Class.
	Choose one person in your small group to announce the title of your playlist and order of the tracks.
	Choose one person in your small group to announce the title of your composition and read their program notes to the audience.
	Present your composition live or as an audio recording.

Handouts 1–8

LESSON 1, HANDOUT 1: PLAYLIST

PLAYLIST PROJECT - UNIT DESCRIPTION

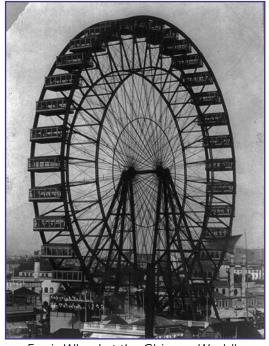
Work individually or form a small group of 3–4 students, and work in this group for the entire unit. Your task is to create a playlist that is inspired by one of these historic photos. The playlist will include four tracks. Three tracks will be chosen from a bank of historic songs that were popular around the time the photos were taken. The fourth track will be your own rhythmic composition.

Discuss each photo. What do you **See** in each scene? What do the scenes make you **Think** about or **Wonder**?

Select and circle your photo. Which scene is most interesting to your group? This photo will be the inspiration for your playlist and will also serve as your project cover



Brooklyn Base Ball Club (1911)



Ferris Wheel at the Chicago World's Fair (1893)



Statue of Liberty (1914)

Research three facts to learn about the people, structure, or scene in your selected photo.

LESSON 1, HANDOUT 1: PLAYLIST

Name	
Discuss your select	tions above in your small group, then write your own responses.
what it was like	ere standing next to the person who took the photo. Write a paragraph to describe to be there. What were you doing when the photo was taken? What was the mood or What were you feeling?
	communicate the same emotion, mood, or feeling of the photo through music? What ic sound like? Complete the chart with your ideas. Use music vocabulary as much as
Musical Element	Description
Tempo	
Dynamics	
Timbre (Instruments or voices)	
Articulation	
Matar & Phythm	

Name	Date	2

Lesson 1—Responding: Select

Handout 1: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Describe the photo (Part D)	 Incomplete description or response does not answer the question 	Brief description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable and detailed description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling
Integrate elements of music relared to the photo (Part E)	Incomplete interpretation of musical elements	Brief interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable and detailed interpretation of musicl elements
Use music vocabulary (Part E)	No use of musical vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

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١.	.,			_	110.3	٦.

Name	Date
INGILIC	Date

Lesson 2—Responding: Interpret, Evaluate

Handout 2: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Describe mood (Part A)	Incomplete description or responses do not describe the mood	Reasonable description of the mood for some pieces	Reasonable description of the mood of all 8 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of the mood of all 8 pieces
Analyze and describe elements of music (Part C)	Incomplete or unreasonable description of musical elements	Brief description of musical elements or description addresses fewer than 3 pieces	Reasonable description of musical elements of 3 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of musical elements of 3 pieces
Infer the composer's intent (Part C)	Incomplete or does not describe composer's intent	Reasonable inference of composer's intent for some pieces	Reasonable inference of composer's intent	Reasonable and detailed inference of composer's intent
Use music vocabulary (Part C)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music volcabulary for all elements

Name ______ Date _____

Lesson 3—Responding: Analyze

Handout 3: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Compare the pieces (Part A)	Incomplete or inaccurate description of similarities between pieces	Accurate description of similarities between some pieces	Accurate description of similarities includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of similarities includes all 3 pieces
Contrast the pieces (Part B)	Incomplete or inaccurate description between pieces	Accurate description of differences between	Accurate description of differences includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of differences includes all 3 pieces
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

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Nlama	Data	
Name	 Date	

Lesson 4—Responding: Evaluate

Handout 4: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Title album (Part A)	Incomplete or connection is not evident between photo and music	Title and/ or explanation show connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable and surprising connection between photo and music
Justify order of songs (Part B)	Incomplete or reasonable justification is not evident	Reasonable justification for some EP tracks	Reasonable justification for the order of all EP tracks	Reasonable and detailed justification for the order of all EP tracks
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

Name	Date	
INGLIC		

Lesson 5—Creating: Imagine

Handout 5: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
	 Incomplete or connection of word phrases and title to intent is not evident 	Some word phrases and/or title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent and in a surprising way
Sounds (Part C)	Incomplete or connection of sounds to intent is not evident	Some chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent in a surprising ways

Comments:

N I = =	D-+-	
Name	Date	
INGILIC		

Lesson 6—Creating: Plan and Make

Handout 6: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Musical choices	Incomplete or connection of choices and explanation to intent is not evident	some musical choices and/or brief explanation connect to intent	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent in a surprising way
Musical form is ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response	 An established form is not evident 	Some parts of the music show an established form	Music is organized in an established form	Music is clearly organized is an established form
Symbols and markings	Incomplete or symbols and markings are unreadable	Symbols and markings document sounds for parts of the piece	Symbols and markings document intended sounds	Detailed symbols and markings document intended sounds

Name	Date	
INGILIC		

Lesson 7—Creating: Evaluate and Refine, Present

Handout 7: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Revised composition (Part A)	Incomplete or changes do not relate to intent	 Reasonable changes are sometimes related to intent 	Reasonable changes relate to the intent	Reasonable changes relatte in detail to the intent
Justify order of songs (Part D)	 Incomplete or no justification for EP order of rhythmic composition 	Limited justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable and detailed justification for EP order of rhythmic composition
Program notes (Part C)	 Incomplete program notes give little or no information about the rhythmic composition 	 Program notes give some information about the rhythmic composition 	Program notes give information about the rhythmic composition	Program notes give detailed information about the rhythmic composition
Performance with intent (Part E)	 Performance may communicate expressive intent of the photo Performance stops without finishing 	 Performance sometimes communicates the expressive intent of the photo Some errors detract from the performance 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo Any errors do not detract from the performance 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo No errors

LESSON 2, HANDOUT 2: PLAYLIST

Name_

A. Listen to these popular songs and describe only the **Mood** of each one. (Listen to four more songs on page 2 of Handout 2.)

To listen to a song, (a) click the link, (b) click "Playlist" when the page opens, and (c) click the title of the song in the box on the right.

- "The Star-Spangled Banner"—vocal solo with orchestra—**http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1757**
- "Keep off the grass" banjo solo with piano; dance—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/300
- "Kerry Mills' Barn Dance"—Victor Dance Orchestra; dance—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1499
- "Do They Think of Me at Home?"—vocal trio; waltz—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/1719
- Review the mood of all 8 songs, and choose 3 that best connect to your photo. Circle the title of these songs to mark your choices.
- C. Listen again (and then one more time) to the 3 songs you've chosen. Describe the musical elements in detail and what you think the composer intended to communicate through the music.

"Do They Think of Me at Home?"							
"Kerry Mills' Barn Dance"							
"Keep off the Grass"							
"The Star-Spangled Banner"							
Title	роом	Composer's Intent	Tempo	Dynamics	Timbre	Articulation	Meter & Rhythm

LESSON 2, HANDOUT 2: PLAYLIST

Name__

A. Listen to these popular songs and describe only the **Mood** of each one. (Listen to four more songs on page 1 of Handout 2.)

To listen to a song, (a) click the link, (b) click "Playlist" when the page opens, and (c) click the title of the song in the box on the right.

- "That Baseball Rag"—vocal solo with orchestra; novelty—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/3332
- "Flame of Love"—instrumental; waltz—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/119
- "Hesitation Blues"—instrumental; novelty—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/5151
- New World Symphony, "Largo"—orchestra; classical theme—http://www.loc.gov/jukebox/recordings/detail/id/2988
- B. Review the mood of all 8 songs, and choose 3 that best connect to your photo. Circle the title of these songs to mark your choices.
- C. Listen again (and then one more time) to the 3 songs you've chosen. Describe the musical elements in detail and what you think the composer intended to communicate through the music.

New World Symphony, "Largo"							
"Hesitation Blue"							
"Flame of Love"							
"That Baseball Rag"							
Title	рооМ	Composer's Intent	Tempo	Dynamics	Timbre	Articulation	Meter & Rhythm

LESSON 3, HANDOUT 3: PLAYLIST

Name
Titles of the songs chosen your playlist:
Use your notes to compare and contrast some of these musical elements in your songs:
Mood • Tempo • Dynamics • Timbre • Articulation • Meter • Rhythm • Genre
A. Describe three similarities between the historic music you've chosen for your playlist:
1
2
3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B. Describe three differences between the historic music you've chosen for your playlist:
1.
±
2

3
~·

LESSON 4, HANDOUT 4: PLAYLIST

Name _____

Circle the photo cover of your playlist.







A. Create a title for	r your playlist that	tells listeners something abol	ut what they will hear:

Explain how your title connects the photo and music chosen.

B. Plan the order of your playlist, and justify your choices using mood, composer's intent, and/or musical elements.

1. A song that will grab the audience's attention	Song title Justify your choice
2. A song that challenges the audience to listen & contrasts with the first piece	Song title Justify your choice
3. A song that brings closure– "the end"	Song title Justify your choice

LESSON 5, HANDOUT 5: PLAYLIST

Name	
Marrie	

Now, the work of your small group is to create a composition, the 4th track for your playlist, that communicates the mood, emotion, or feeling in the historic photo you've chosen.

Review: Circle the photo cover of your playlist.







Review: Describe the mood, emotion, or feeling in your photo cover that was the basis for selecting the first three songs for your playlist.

Develop rhythm patterns. Write four short word phrases to describe the experience of people in your photo cover or that may have been said by the person taking the photo. Phrases should connect to the mood, emotion, or feeling.

- 1. _____
- 2.
- 3. _____
- 4.

Experiment saying each phrase over and over.

- $\hfill\Box$ Try emphasizing different words in the phrase or adding rest(s) between some words.
- $\hfill \square$ Try repeating the most important word(s) as you say the phrase.
- ☐ Say the phrase and clap the rhythm of the words. Do it again, but just "think" the words so only the clapping is heard.
- $\hfill \square$ Record and listen to your ideas. Make changes as needed.

Decide the word phrase you like best and write your initials in the short blank to the left of the phrase.

LESSON 5, HANDOUT 5: PLAYLIST

Title your composition. Write a title for your piece. Consider your choice of word phrases and the mood, emotion, feeling of the historic photo. The title is one way to share your intention with listeners. xChoose the timbre. Experiment with sounds for your own rhythm phrase. Remember your title and the mood, emotion, or feeling in the photo cover that you are communicating. ☐ Think the words and perform the rhythm using different body percussion sounds (such as snapping your fingers, clapping, or stomping your foot). ☐ Experiment with other sounds you can make using objects found in the classroom, your backpack, or your pockets (such as tapping two pens together). Do you have access to a pitched instrument such as a recorder, piano keyboard, or bells? If so, add try out different pitches with your rhythm. Record and listen to your ideas in your group. What sounds seem most effective in communicating the mood, emotion, or feeling of photo and your title? Explain your ideas.

LESSON 6, HANDOUT 6: PLAYLIST

Na	ıme
Tit	le
Fo	rm and First Draft
	Experiment with ways to organize all of your rhythms/parts into a composition that is 30 seconds long. Create a clear beginning, middle, and end using one of these forms: ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response.
	What form will you use for your composition?
	Describe the sound of the recurring part (such as the A part in ABA form).
	Plan to have all parts sound simultaneously, in various combinations, and/or separately.
	Perform your rhythms using your favorite found sounds, pitches, and/or body percussion.
	Incorporate your spoken word phrases at times (optional).
	Write out your composition using the grid on Handout 6 (pages 2 and 3). Be precise with your system of symbols and markings so someone else would be able to perform your composition.
	What tempo(s) will help effectively communicate your intention? Explain your choices.
	What dynamics will effectively communicate your intention? Explain your choices.
	Make an audio recording of your composition.

LESSON 6, HANDOUT 6: PLAYLIST

LESSON 6, HANDOUT 6: PLAYLIST

Name			
- itle			
0:15	0:20	0:25	0:30
Part A			
Part A			
	·		
Part B			
—			
	I	l l	
Part C			
Part D			

LESSON 7, HANDOUT 7: PLAYLIST

1.		1.
2. 		2.
3.		3.
evise Your First Draft. Make needed		irst draft (Handout 6 pages 2 and 3) or ask your
eacher for another Handout 6 to ma	= -	()
Rehearse your composition to be	e able to perform it	confidently.
rogram Notes. Write at least three so our own ideas:	entences to introdu	uce your rhythm composition using these starters o
The mood	• The rhythm n	night remind you of
I want you to notice	• The hardest p	part about writing our composition 1
Listen for		

and	d decide where your composition would fit in best. Write the final order of song titles:
	1
	2
	3
	4
	stify where you have placed your rhythmic composition using mood, composer's intent, and/or musical ments.
Pre	esent Your Composition to the Class
	Choose one person in your small group to announce the title of your playlist and order of the tracks.
	Choose one person in your small group to announce the title of your composition and read their program notes to the audience.
	Present your composition live or as an audio recording.

Your Playlist: Final Order of Tracks. Look back to Handout 4, the order of the historic songs on your playlist,

Name ______ Date _____

Lesson 1—Responding: Select

Handout 1: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Describe the photo (Part D)	Incomplete description, or response does not answer the question	Brief description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling	Reasonable and detailed description of photo mood, emotion, and/or feeling
Integrate elements of music relared to the photo (Part E)	Incomplete interpretation of musical elements	Brief interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable interpretation of musical elements	Reasonable and detailed interpretation of musicl elements
Use music vocabulary (Part E)	No use of musical vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

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Lesson 2—Responding: Interpret, Evaluate

Handout 2: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Describe mood (Part A)	 Incomplete description or responses do not describe the mood 	Reasonable description of the mood for some pieces	Reasonable description of the mood of all 8 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of the mood of all 8 pieces
Analyze and describe elements of music (Part C)	Incomplete or unreasonable description of musical elements	 Brief description of musical elements or description addresses fewer than 3 pieces 	Reasonable description of musical elements of 3 pieces	Reasonable and detailed description of musical elements of 3 pieces
Infer the composer's intent (Part C)	Incomplete or does not describe composer's intent	Reasonable inference of composer's intent for some pieces	Reasonable inference of composer's intent	Reasonable and detailed inference of composer's intent
Use music vocabulary (Part C)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

Name ______ Date _____

Lesson 3—Responding: Analyze

Handout 3: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Compare the pieces (Part A)	Incomplete or inaccurate description of similarities between pieces	Accurate description of similarities between some pieces	Accurate description of similarities includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of similarities includes all 3 pieces
Contrast the pieces (Part B)	Incomplete or inaccurate description between pieces	Accurate description of differences between	Accurate description of differences includes all 3 pieces	Accurate and detailed description of differences includes all 3 pieces
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

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Name	Date

Lesson 4—Responding: Evaluate

Handout 4: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Title album (Part A)	Incomplete or connection is not evident between photo and music	Title and/ or explanation show connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable connection between photo and music	Title and explanation show reasonable and surprising connection between photo and music
Justify order of songs (Part B)	Incomplete or reasonable justification is not evident	Reasonable justification for some EP tracks	Reasonable justification for the order of all EP tracks	Reasonable and detailed justification for the order of all EP tracks
Use music vocabulary (Parts A & B)	No use of music vocabulary	Limited use of music vocabulary	Accurate use of music vocabulary for most elements	Accurate use of music vocabulary for all elements

Name	Date	
INGLIC		

Lesson 5—Creating: Imagine

Handout 5: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
	Incomplete or connection of word phrases and title to intent is not evident	Some word phrases and/or title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent	Word phrases and title connect to intent and in a surprising way
Sounds (Part C)	Incomplete or connection of sounds to intent is not evident	Some chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent	Chosen sounds connect to intent in a surprising ways

Comments:

Name Date

Lesson 6—Creating: Plan and Make

Handout 6: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding	
Musical choices	Incomplete or connection of choices and explanation to intent is not evident	some musical choices and/or brief explanation connect to intent	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent	Musical choices and explanation connect to intent in a surprising way	
Musical form is ABA, ABACA, or call-and-response	An established form is not evident	Some parts of the music show an established form	Music is organized in an established form	Music is clearly organized is an established form	
Symbols and markings	Incomplete or symbols and markings are unreadable	Symbols and markings document sounds for parts of the piece	Symbols and markings document intended sounds	Detailed symbols and markings document intended sounds	

Name	Date	
INGLIC		

Lesson 7—Creating: Evaluate and Refine, Present

Handout 7: Formative Assessment Rubric

	Emerging	Approaching	Meets	Exceeding
Revised composition (Part A)	Incomplete or changes do not relate to intent	 Reasonable changes are sometimes related to intent 	Reasonable changes relate to the intent	Reasonable changes relatte in detail to the intent
Justify order of songs (Part D)	Incomplete or no justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Limited justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable justification for EP order of rhythmic composition	Reasonable and detailed justification for EP order of rhythmic composition
Program notes (Part C)	Incomplete program notes give little or no information about the rhythmic composition	 Program notes give some information about the rhythmic composition 	Program notes give information about the rhythmic composition	Program notes give detailed information about the rhythmic composition
Performance with intent (Part E)	 Performance may communicate expressive intent of the photo Performance stops without finishing 	 Performance sometimes communicates the expressive intent of the photo Some errors detract from the performance 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo Any errors do not detract from the performance 	 Performance communicates the expressive intent of the photo No errors





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